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# MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

# FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 1, 2017/2018

## TCP1201 – OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES

(All sections / Groups)

25 OCTOBER 2017 2:30 p.m. – 4:30 p.m. ( 2 Hours )

Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
Total	

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This Question paper consists of 15 pages with 4 Questions only.
- 2. Attempt all **FOUR** questions. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given.
- 3. Please write all your answers in this Question Paper.

## **Question 1**

The following UML Class Diagram is provided.

	Vehicle	
	# topSpeed: double	
	+ Vehicle (topSpeed: double)	
	+ toString(): String	
	$\uparrow$	
	\	
	Lorry	
	- numberOfWheels: int	
	+ Lorry (numberOfWheels: int)	
	+ setNumberOfWheels (numberOfWheels: int): void	
	+ getNumberOfWheels(): int	
	+ toString(): String	
a.	Explain briefly the relationship between Vehicle class and Lorry class	ass. [3 marks]
٥.	Does <b>function overriding</b> occur in the two classes? If yes, state the method that has been overridden.	e name of the [2 marks]

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c. **Implement** both the Vehicle class and Lorry class based on the UML Class Diagram above and the main method below. [16 marks]

```
public static void main (String[] args) {
   Vehicle v = new Vehicle (50);
   System.out.println (v);
   Vehicle l = new Lorry (100, 12);
   System.out.println (l);
}

Sample run:
Vehicle: topSpeed = 50.0
Lorry: topSpeed = 100.0, number of wheels = 12
```

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d.	Provide a reason for a class to be declared abstract.	[1 mark]
e.	The following UML Class Diagram is provided. Write a <b>declaration</b> Moveable interface.	for the [3 marks]
	< <interface>&gt; Moveable</interface>	
	+ TOPSPEED: double = 300 + startMoving(): void	

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### **Question 2**

[2 marks] a. State the **output** of the program below. class TestStatic { private int a = 10; private static int b = 10; public void doubleUp() { a \*= 2;b \*= 2;} public void print() { System.out.println ("a = " + a + ", b = " + b); public static void main (String[] args) { TestStatic t1 = new TestStatic(); TestStatic t2 = new TestStatic(); t1.doubleUp(); t1.doubleUp(); t2.doubleUp(); t1.print(); t2.print(); } } b. When should aggregation be used instead of inheritance, and vice versa? Give an example for each case. [4 marks]

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c. The following incomplete program is provided. The program fails to work because the Product class does not implement a particular method. State the **name** of the missing method and provide an **implementation** for the method. [8 marks]

Continued...

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d. The following code snippet is provided. It determines whether a person is an adult or minor based on the age given. A person is an adult if he/she is 18 years old or more, and is a minor if less than 18 years old. However the program has an error. It considers a negative age as a minor. Use exception handling to handle the error. Throw an IllegalArgumentException and output "Age cannot be negative" if a negative age is entered.

[5 marks]

```
Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print ("Enter your age: ");
int age = input.nextInt();
if (age < 18)
  System.out.println ("Minor");
else
  System.out.println ("Adult");
Sample run 1:
Enter your age: 18
Adult
Sample run 2:
Enter your age: 11
Minor
Sample run 3:
Enter your age: -1
Age cannot be negative.
```

Continued...

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e.	Write a <b>recursive</b> method	that performs	the following sum:	series. [6 marks]
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$$sum(i) = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{i}$$

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### **Question 3**

a.	Convert the following raw (non-generic) version of the display method version. The display method displays all elements in the list.	od to a <b>generic</b> [2 marks]
	<pre>public void display (Object[] list) {   for (int i = 0; i &lt; list.length; i++)     System.out.print(list[i] + " "); }</pre>	
b.	State two main differences between a stack and a queue.	[4 marks]
		·
c.	Is it more efficient to implement a queue using a linked list or an arr your answer.	ay list? Explain [4 marks]
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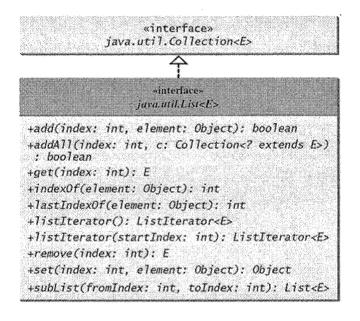
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d. The following shows the definition of the Stack class. Provide the implementation for the push method; the method that inserts an element at the top of the stack, and the **pop** method; the method that removes an element from the top of the stack [6 marks] import java.util.\*; public class GenericStack<E> { private ArrayList<E> list = new ArrayList<>(); public int getSize() { return list.size(); public E peek() { return list.get(getSize() - 1); public void push(E o) { public E pop() { } public boolean isEmpty() { return list.isEmpty();

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}

e. Using the LinkedList class (provided by java.util library) with the specification as defined in the UML diagram below, write a program that creates a LinkedList instance and store 10 random integers into the linked list in a sorted manner. The program then displays the integers in ascending order. Hint: You may use Collections.sort method. [9 marks]



public	static	void	nain(St	ring[]	args)	{	 
}							 

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### **Question 4**

a. The following program consist of a generic class, **AnimalHouse** and three concrete classes, **Animal, Dog** and **Cat**.

```
class AnimalHouse<E> {
    private E animal;
    public void setAnimal(E x) {
        animal = x;
    }
    public E getAnimal() {
        return animal;
    }
}
class Animal{
}
class Cat extends Animal {
}
class Dog extends Animal {
}
```

For the following code snippets, identify whether the code compiles with errors (answer = YES) or compile without errors (answer = NO).

[4 marks]

YES / NO

(i)	<pre>AnimalHouse<animal> house = new AnimalHouse<cat>();</cat></animal></pre>	
(ii)	<pre>AnimalHouse<dog> house = new AnimalHouse<animal>();</animal></dog></pre>	
(iii)	<pre>AnimalHouse<cat> house = new AnimalHouse<cat>();</cat></cat></pre>	
(iv)	<pre>AnimalHouse<?> house = new AnimalHouse<cat>(); house.setAnimal(new Cat());</cat></pre>	

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b.		on) by inserting the
	following numbers one after another: 9, 10, 8, 2, 5, 12, 1	[7 marks]
	(ii) Provide the pre-order, in-order and post-order traversal	for the tree in (i).
	(11) 110 124 014 pro 01411, and 01411 in any pro-	[6 marks]
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		Continued

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d.	The following is an incomplete program. It is a program that extracts the <b>unique</b> words from the <i>quote</i> string and displays them in <b>ascending</b> order. Complete the implementation of the program. Below is the sample run of the program.  [8 marks]
	Sample run: Sorted tree set: [but, forget, hurts, it, never, taught, what, you]
	<pre>import java.util.*;</pre>
	<pre>public class Mystery {   public static void main(String[] args) {     String quote = "Forget what hurts you "</pre>
	// Create an empty treeset
L	<pre>// Split the quote into the "words" array String[] words = quote.split("[\\s+\\p{P}]");</pre>
	<pre>// Loop through the "words" array and store the unique words into // the treeset that you created above and print out the tset.</pre>

**End of Paper** 

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